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VOL. XXII.

ONCE MORE FRIENDS

LANGSTON AND MARHON MEET AND AGREE.

LANGSTON DICTATES TERMS TO MARHON.

The Colored Man Says Because His Hair  
Curly Is No Reason Why He Should  
Be Discriminated Against.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The Star tonight published a column story to the effect that a complete reconciliation between Mahone and Langston had been brought about through the intervention of ex-Congressman Waddell, from which the following extracts are made:

This was their first meeting since the presidential convention of 1888, and it was just a trifle formal at first. The general, as the Star reporter was informed, was very punctilious, however, in his reception of Langston, who was dignified and cautious. For three hours they traveled and down the line of Virginia politics, discussed records of the past, made mutual explanations and promises, and calculated as to the next campaign, gradually warming up to each other, until at the end of the conference they had become fast friends than ever, and had formulated some of the features of the campaign.

It was a memorable interview. Langston repeatedly made this assertion the platform of his compromise: "I shall join you as a republican, and as such I shall do my best to promote the interests of the party. I shall do my best to help you. But, remember, this is to continue just so long as you treat me as a republican. The moment you oppose me in the least because my hair curls, or because I am black, I shall turn around and fight you to the bitter end. I shall fight any republican on the color line, but when that is obliterated I can fight with him."

Mahone replied that he appreciated the situation, and that henceforth there should be no partition of party spoils on the line of complexion. With this understanding the ex-ambassador shook hands and swore fealty to their common cause. It is understood that this means the sending of a Virginia delegation to the next presidential convention instructed for Harrison. No one, however, cares to go far as to predict that the two reservations it is not known whether the president had any hand in the efforts to bring about a compromise between the factions, but it is asserted that he has quietly removed several obstacles to this result within the past two months, and has done much to relieve the pressure in the state.

The New York World today says that the movement to secure the new presidential courtships for a colored man is made in the interest of Langston, and that Langston in his candidacy relies for success in some measure upon the white republicans of Virginia.

THE WHITE RACE LEADS

In Percentage of Increase in the Southern States.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Superintendent Porter, of the census bureau, has in preparation an important bulletin giving the population of the south Atlantic and the south central states, Missouri and Kansas by races. The total population embraced in the report is given as 23,875,250, of which 16,968,205 were white, 6,906,165 colored and 10,888 Chinese, Japanese and Indians. In the states included were found in 1890 fifteen-sixteenths of the entire colored population of the United States, so that for the purpose of immediately ascertaining the percentage of increase of the colored population, the returns of these states are adequate and not likely to be materially affected by the returns of other states and territories; and where the colored population is small the abnormal increase of the colored population in what is known as the black belt during the decade ending 1890, led to the popular belief that negroes were increasing at a much greater rate than the white population. This error was a natural one, and arose from the difficulty of ascertaining how much of the increase shown by the tenth census was real, and how much was due to omissions of the census of 1870. The facts as ascertained sustain the theory that the high rate of increase in growth of the colored population as shown in 1890 was a apparent, not real, and that it was due to imperfect enumeration in the southern states in 1870.

The following table gives the number of colored to every one hundred thousand whites in the United States for the decades since 1790 with the per cent of increase of each:

YEAR.	No. of Colored to 100,000 Whites.	Per Cent of Increase.
1790.....	54,254	28.1
1800.....	53,000	28.5
1810.....	57,794	28.5
1820.....	58,425	28.5
1830.....	59,756	28.5
1840.....	58,320	28.5
1850.....	58,310	28.5
1860.....	51,393	28.4
1870.....	46,429	28.4
1880.....	46,396	28.4
1890.....	41,475	28.3

During the past decade the colored race has not held its own against the whites in the region where the climate and conditions are such that those which the country affords best, suited to its development.

It is seen that in the three decades, from 1800 to 1890, during a part of which the slave trade was in progress, has the colored race increased more rapidly than the white. Since 1860 the whites have steadily increased at a more rapid rate than the colored people. This increase has not been affected by the aid of immigration, for with the exception of Kansas and Missouri states have received comparatively few emigrants, either from foreign countries or from northern states.

Similarly the proportion of colored inhabitants to the white increased some what between 1800 and 1830, but since that time it has steadily diminished. In 1890, when the proportion was at its maximum, there were nearly six colored inhabitants to ten white, but this proportion has been reduced to a trifle more than four at the present date, or by nearly one-third of its amount.

The deficiencies of the ninth census, says Superintendent Porter, are so apparent in this table that any extended reference to them is wholly unnecessary.

The following table gives the present white and colored population of the several states under consideration:

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Florida.....	129,425	29,022
District Columbia.....	134,303	75,797
Georgia.....	1,088,246	273,984
Kansas.....	1,374,882	51,261
Kentucky.....	1,088,246	273,984
Louisiana.....	554,712	562,833
Maryland.....	821,140	215,580
Mississippi.....	1,088,246	273,984
North Carolina.....	1,088,246	273,984
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Total.....16,968,205 6,906,166

To get local population of these states, 2,381

Chinese, 100 Japanese and 8,207 Indians

should be added to the sum of the white and

colored population.

The percentage of white and colored popula-

tion in each of these states in 1890 and in 1880 is given as follows:

States.	1880.	1890.	1880.	1890.
Alabama.....	54.91	45.04	45.04	45.04
Arkansas.....	72.37	27.59	73.71	26.25
Florida.....	92.00	92.00	92.00	92.00
District Columbia.....	69.99	22.86	66.44	33.55
Georgia.....	57.35	42.58	52.92	47.01
Kansas.....	92.86	47.01	52.97	47.02
Kentucky.....	90.34	3.59	90.59	4.33
Louisiana.....	58.30	14.69	83.58	16.47
Maryland.....	49.59	50.32	50.40	51.46
Mississippi.....	79.06	50.22	77.51	22.49
North Carolina.....	41.35	57.58	43.36	57.47
South Carolina.....	94.23	5.73	93.29	6.71
Tennessee.....	64.85	35.06	61.96	37.95
Texas.....	20.12	20.12	20.12	20.12
Virginia.....	75.42	24.57	73.84	26.14
West Virginia.....	77.89	22.04	75.24	24.71
Average.....	61.27	35.71	61.27	41.76

Several tables are given which show the movement of the colored element of the population during the last half century. An inspection of the tables makes it evident, says the bulletin, that there has been no extended northward movement of this element since the time of the civil war. Indeed, with the exception of the District of Columbia, the border appears to have lost rather than gained, and during the last decade there has been a perceptible southward movement of the colored element from the border states into those bordering on the gulf, particularly into Mississippi and Arkansas, where they have increased some proportionately to the whites. Let the states under consideration be divided into two groups. The first comprising Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri and Kansas, and the second comprising Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and Arkansas. Now, the increase of whites in the first of these groups from 1880 to 1890 was at the rate of 23 per cent, while that of the colored element was 19.1 per cent. In the second group the number of colored to 100,000 whites diminished, between 1880 and 1890, from 23,701 to 23,083, or 13.5 per cent, while in the second group it diminished from 14,456 to 13,611, or only 5.8 per cent. There is, therefore, a perceptible tendency southward of the colored people, which, by no means powerful, has resulted in drawing a notable proportion of that element from the border states and in producing in two far western states a more rapid increase of the colored element than in the border states.

THEIR BRETHREN IN THE NORTH

Urged to Support No Man Who Says There Is the Inferior Race.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The Interstate Civil and Political Rights Association of the United States, an organization of colored men, has issued an address to the negro voters of the north, in which they say that the president has done all that he "could do to influence such action in congress as would result in the holding of fair elections in the south, but that some few senators would meet again March 19, 1912, and have to vote on the bill to amend the act of March 3, 1875, which gave the negro the right to vote in the federal elections, and has done much to relieve the pressure in the state.

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colored population.

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CASUALTIES OF A DAY.

A BRITISH STEAMSHIP FOUNDERED OFF HATTERAS.

NINETEEN OF THE CREW DROWNED.

The Rough Sea Interfering with the Work of the Life-Saving Station—Several Bad Collisions on the Railroad.

NORFOLK, Va., March 25.—The steamer which went ashore a mile below Chincoteague life-saving station, on the North Carolina coast, yesterday morning, is the British steamship Strathgairn, bound from Santiago de Cuba to Baltimore, with iron ore. Out of a crew of twenty-nine, nineteen were lost, including all the officers except the second mate. The steamer will be a total loss.

COMMUNICATION CUT OFF.

NORFOLK, March 25.—Communication between this city and the scene of the wreck of the steamer Strathgairn, at Chincoteague life-saving station, is cut off by a break in the government telegraph cable across Oregon inlet. [This is an arm of the sea about three miles across, just south of Kitty Hawk.] All information from the wreck has to be brought across this break in a boat, and only two trips are made at present. The last trip was made this morning and all of the available facts have already been received. No further information is to be received until tomorrow morning, when it is thought that the names of the lost and saved will be secured. An order has been sent from the agents of the line in Baltimore to forward those of the crew who were saved to this city, and they are expected to arrive here late this evening, when the full story of the wreck and its particulars will be known. The second mate, who is among the saved.

COLLISIONS ON THE RAIL.

A Bad Smash-up on the Northwestern Railroad.

MILWAUKEE, March 25.—A serious wreck occurred on the Northwestern road at Racine junction today, when a passenger train and a freight train came together. The passenger train was killed, two dangerously hurt and three others or less injured. A mail car, baggage car and five freight cars were destroyed by fire. The pecuniary loss is estimated at \$50,000.

The collision occurred at midnight between a north-bound Chicago and Northwestern passenger train and south-bound freight train on the same line. The latter train consisted of sixty-four cars, and was under such headway that it could not be checked sufficiently to allow side-track cars to pass. The freight train was on the main track, at the depot, with the above result. The fireman on the freight train was killed, and the engine and several freight cars were destroyed. The other men injured were all railroad employees.

COAL AND FREIGHT TRAINS COLLIDE.

RICHMOND, Va., March 25.—Coal train No. 78, Conductor Stratton, collided with another train drawing empty cars between Rock Castle and Stokes early this morning on the James river division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, causing the death of Fireman Mahone and his driver. Conductor Moseby of the empty train had his arm broken. Both engines and fifteen cars were badly damaged.

SUTTON, Neb., March 25.—A flyer on the Burlington road crashed into the rear end of a stock train four miles east of town at 7:30 o'clock this morning, while running at a rate of fifty miles an hour. It was snowing hard, and the driver had no time to stop. The stock train was pushed a snow pile. The stock train was not seen by the engineer of the passenger train until the trains were twenty feet apart. The snow pile ran under six cars loaded with cattle, throwing them to the right and left of the track, and the seventh car landed on top of the engine.

The second engine was thrown twenty-five feet to the side of the track and fell on its side, crushing the boiler and killing the engineer, who was killed instantly. The fireman, who was caught in the wreck, and escaping steam literally cooked his legs and arms.

The passenger coaches left the track, but were not overturned, and none of the passengers were injured. It is said that the driver of the stock train was just passing the train dispatcher. The cattle in the car which landed on top of the engine were killed by the passengers, who built a bridge over the engine and the animals dead. Only one steer was hurt.

THE ALLIANCE IN NEW ENGLAND.

The Farmers There Said Not to Be in Sympathy with the Movement.

BOSTON, March 25.—The Herald has dispatches from several points in New England voicing the sentiment of farmers on the proposed alliance movement in the eastern states. The dispatch from Pittsfield says it is the sentiment of leading Berkshire county farmers that the New England tour of the alliance leaders, Kyle and Simpson, will be a practical failure.

Henry A. Barton, Jr., of Dalton, ex-master of the state grange, said to a Herald reporter: "I do not believe the state grange is at all in sympathy with the movement. I am of the opinion that the grangers generally—and I am equally sure of the local movement all over the state—are not in favor of the alliance. Personally, I do not believe it will be successful in New England."

Henry Noble, of Pittsfield, an ex-member of the state board of agriculture, who has been a leading farmer of Berkshire for nearly half a century, said: "I do not know how the grange farmers feel about the alliance. I am into this thing from a political point of view or any other."

Charles A. Mills, of Pittsfield, member of the present state board of agriculture, says: "I am not in favor of the Farmers' Alliance in New England. Any movement to make the farmers more numerous in my opinion is patriotic. All classes and professions should work together. I do not believe in antagonizing classes in this country."

The Car Service Managers.

RICHMOND, Va., March 25.—[Special.]—The National Association of Car Service Managers will meet here tomorrow. Among the members who will be present are: E. D. Moore, ex-governor of Missouri; Cleveland D. Bacon, Indianapolis; A. L. Gardner, Baltimore; T. H. Morris, Youngstown; L. S. Graves, Grand Rapids; George H. Snyder, Erie, Pa.; E. Van Rensselaer, Buffalo; F. J. Jewett, Syracuse.

After the election of officers tomorrow, the question of the delivery of cars will be considered, and there will also be a general interchange of views in regard to railroad management.

The Unwilling of the Monument.

JACKSON, Miss., March 25.—[Special.]—Senator Walthall and ex-governor Lowry have accepted invitations to deliver orations at the unveiling of the monument to General Sherman at Jackson, Miss., on June 30. Senator Walthall is expected to speak of the confederate cause in general, while Governor Lowry will speak of the holding of the state by Jefferson Davis. Mrs. Davis and Miss Winnie are expected to be present.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Futures were depressed and unsettled, but closing firm at a slight decline. It was a very rapid market. Liverpool responded with some vigor to our advance of yesterday, but did not fully hold it at the close. Our bulls, therefore, sold Liverpool was depressed, and

at once set about selling to realize, causing some decline.

This was soon checked, however, but with more strength came extreme dullness and for a time dealings were nearly suspended, yet the market did not recover. The cotton market would not go down further, they improved a little on demand to cover contracts, some of the bears becoming buyers for this account. The weather reports from the south were generally satisfactory, but the heavy rains in the valley of the Mississippi, which made do damage. The crop movement continued to show great excess over last year. Spot cotton is very dull.

A SEVERE SNOWSTORM.

The Worst Storm of the Season in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, March 25.—Dispatches from Kansas state that the worst snowstorm of the season is raging in that state. Trains from the west came in late this morning—that is, those that got in at all—and their crews all have those tales to tell. The country from eastern Kansas to Denver has disappeared under an immense fall of snow. At Junction City the snow is five inches deep; at Hayes City, twelve inches.

A biting windstorm is whirling the snow into great drifts and the railroad tracks everywhere have been disappeared from sight.

A dispatch from Atchison says that the Central branch division of the Missouri Pacific is not moving a wheel today on account of the snow blockade. Several trains have been caught between stations, among them a pay and passenger train.

A snowplow was started out this afternoon, but as fast as it cleared a pathway the snow drifted in behind it and the attempt was abandoned, leaving the plow engine to die in the drift.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?</

## AT ADAMS' PARK.

THE ATLANTA TRAIN GETS IN A LITTLE LATE.

But Atlanta People Did Most of the Burying After They Got There—A Magnificent Success in Every Respect.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Fully 2,000 people assembled today to witness and participate in the burial of the new city of Adams' Park, on the East Tennessee railroad, twenty-five miles below Macon. This is the first point of development in Hitchcock's Georgia colony, the initial progressive move to open up the great agricultural belt and lead to new prosperity and wealth. The new settlement will cover 24,000 acres of the best land in Georgia, in the heart of the cotton belt. The immediate steps will be taken to attract an immigration of the best class of farming people from all sections of this country and Europe.

The demonstration today consisted in a great auction sale of building lots, 25x100 in the proposed city of Adams' Park. Surrounding the new town are the many thousands of acres of land, which will be divided into small farms for immigrants, and these farmers will furnish support and backbone to the town.

## THE PEOPLE ARRIVE.

At 11 o'clock a special train of eleven coaches started from Macon, carrying over 1,000 people to Adams' Park. All were granted free transportation for the round trip. It was expected that a special train of eight loaded coaches from Atlanta would reach Macon at 11 o'clock and go to Adams' Park at the same time. The Macon train did not, but owing to the delay in leaving Atlanta, the Atlanta special did not reach Adams' Park until after 2 o'clock, and not until after the free barbecue had been eaten. Consequently the bulk of the Atlanta crowd had to do without dinner. Yet this unpleasant fact did not lessen their interest in the slightest, and the Atlanta people were the most active and interested among them. Mr. Howell Erwin, Mr. E. G. Lind and Dr. A. Johnson. A majority of the lots were bought by Atlanta people.

## THE PROJECT EXPLAINED.

When the great crowd had assembled, which consisted of hundreds from Twigs and neighboring counties, Benjamin W. Hitchcock, of New York, the founder of the new city, made an address in an appropriate and excellent speech by George W. Duncan, of Macon, and Hitchcock made an admirable address, which was full of patriotism, eloquence and hard business sense.

He explained fully the scheme, and said he would populate this country with a thrifty and worthy class of immigrants, who would add to the growth and material development of Georgia. He pictured a bright and rosy future for the Empire State of the south. He was an ardent friend of the south, and pled for the most perfect unity and harmony between all sections of our common country.

## THE SALE BEGINS.

Hitchcock's speech was well received by the multitude, and it filled the people with much enthusiasm, and Hitchcock made a deal of every one present. The auction sale commenced immediately at the close of the speaking. George Duncan, of Macon, of the large and popular real estate firm of Duncan & Carnes, was auctioneer. Despite the late hour at which the sales commenced, this afternoon 138 lots were sold, realizing \$1,633. The highest priced lot was \$22; the lowest brought \$9. Mr. Hitchcock was well pleased with the day's result. He will project other excursions at a near day from Macon, Atlanta, New York and European points.

The greatest good report prevailed all day. There were no disturbances. One feature of the multitude was its white complexion. Mr. Hitchcock allowed no negroes to go from Macon or Atlanta, as he said he did not wish that kind of buyers. Two young white fellows, supposed to be from Atlanta, robbed Mr. Weaver, of Macon, of \$100. They robbed against him at the train and picked his pocket. They escaped in the crowd.

Colonel Thomas P. Stovall has been largely instrumental in the good results of today's auction. He has rendered Mr. Hitchcock invaluable assistance.

## A GREAT CAR COUPLER.

The invention of a Macon Man—Interesting to Railroads.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Mr. David Aultman, of Macon, has invented a car coupler ever devised. His is a self-coupler; it can be uncoupled without going between cars; it is simple, strong and durable.

The surface of the car is like the ordinary coupler, and presents a solid like surface to the point at which the pin rests and the cavity which receives the link. This peculiar shape prevents the possibility of the link striking solidly against the opposing drawhead, and allows the link to slide along the angle until received and secured in the opposing head.

This shape also makes it possible to couple cars of different heights. In the top of the drawhead is an oblong opening through which the pin swings. It is held at the top by a movable fastening which allows the pin to move up and down, and at the same time keeps it from becoming detached from the car being coupled. When the link in one coupling strikes the opposing coupling the link slides under the pin in the opposing coupling, the pin drops behind the link and the coupling is made. In order to uncouple, it is only necessary to step to the side of the car, pull a lever, the pin rises and the link is relieved.

## Georgia Railroad Commission.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The Georgia state railroad commission, consisting of L. N. Trammell, Alex. S. Erwin and J. W. Robertson, reached Macon last night, and left Macon this morning on a tour of inspection of the Georgia Southern and Florida railroad. Accompanying the commissioners was Commissioner-elect Virgil Powers. They will be joined at Cordele by Commissioner-elect Allen Fort, of Athens, General Manager Lane and Traffic Manager Knapp, of the Georgia Southern, accompanied the commissioners. The commissioners may pass through Macon on Saturday night on their return to Atlanta.

## Four Marriages.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—There were four marriages in Macon tonight. Mr. Archie Reid and Miss Mary Artope. Mr. Herman Moll and Miss Julia Helfrich. Mr. George Postell and Miss Julia Heard; F. A. Jacobs and Miss Alice May Grace. Miss Heard is the aunt of Miss Grace. These last two couples had a double wedding at the Pierpont house.

## A Trades Display.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Macon is getting ready for another big trades display like the one she held last year. A meeting of the Trades Display Association will be held at the board of trade rooms on Saturday, March 28th, at 4 o'clock p. m., to perfect arrangements for the grand display. It will be the finest thing of the kind ever held in Macon.

## Odd Fellows.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Macon Odd Fellows are preparing for the celebration of the seventy-second anniversary of the order, which occurs April 26th. That date falling on Sunday, the anniversary will be celebrated either Saturday, the 25th, or Sunday, the 27th, probably on the latter date. The proclamation from the grand sire of the sovereign grand lodge, calling for a proper observance of the anniversary has been received.

## The Case Non-Suited.

MACON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Today in the city court the case of the Lowe Seed Company vs. the East Tennessee railroad was non-suited. The plaintiff made a claim against the defendant for \$500 damages incurred in an alleged delay of a shipment of peas from Macon to New Orleans.

## ON THE WAY TO PORT ROYAL.

Prominent Railroad Magnates Leave Augusta.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—A distinguished party is off this evening for a trip to Port Royal. Mr. Pat Calhoun and his sister arrived today in Mr. Calhoun's private car. Colonel Calhoun, H. Phinley, private car coupled on to Mr. Calhoun's, and these two magnates went to Port Royal, where they will spend tomorrow, and from thence they will go over to Charleston before returning to Augusta. In the party were Mr. John H. Inman, Mr. Sam Inman, Mr. Pat Calhoun, Colonel Charles H. Phinley and Manager T. P. Branch. They took their families with them to make the charmed circle complete. Messrs. Calhoun and Branch recently purchased the Appleton estate at Port Royal. They have gone to inspect the property.

## TWO DESPERADOES IN JAIL.

Negroes Who Make a Practice of Running Down White Men.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Charley Culbreth and Bud Scott, two of the most desperate, dangerous and treacherous negroes in Augusta, have been caught by the police. On the night of the 22nd, the pair, which was going home. Culbreth is the man who stabbed Mr. Kelly in the arm for refusing to surrender the sidewalk to him. Judge Pierce this morning fined Culbreth \$50 for his disorder, and bound him over to the city court under a \$200 bond, to answer the charge of Kelly vs. Mr. Kelly. Scott was fined \$5 for the same. He took in the alley, but was tried upon another and more serious charge. Last Monday night Scott injured Mr. Leann Cutchins, a white man, and went home and got his gun and went searching for Mr. Cutchins with the intention of killing him. For his outrageous conduct in this affair Scott was fined \$30.

## The Langley Mills in Good Condition.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Langley Manufacturing Company was held today. A special train carried the stockholders over to Langley. Very routine work was transacted at the meeting. President Thomas Barrett, Jr., and the old board of directors were re-elected—B. S. Dunbar, T. E. Fleming, T. W. Alexander, B. D. Lahar and W. H. Langley. Mr. W. H. Langley succeeds rather, Mr. E. Langley, as a director. The president's report was satisfactory and encouraging to the stockholders.

## Augusta Wants a Savings Bank.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—An important meeting of the Real Estate Exchange was held here this afternoon. The members discussed at length the notification that the banks had served upon them, refusing to collect their rents for collection. After a full discussion of the matter the resolution was adopted to petition the legislature for a charter to establish a savings bank of their own.

## A Dramatic Troupe in Hard Luck.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The dramatic troupe of the city did not get off Atlanta this morning, and it was with great difficulty that the troupe got out of town tonight and went to Macon. Manager Hickey had to leave a trunk of costumes behind to cover the board bill of his troupe at the Planters' hotel, which amounted to about \$35.

## THE SOUTHWEST GEORGIA TEACHERS.

They Are Urged to Attend a Meeting Next Saturday.

FORT VALLEY, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—President J. W. Frederick, of the Southwest Georgia Teachers' Association, requested the CONSTITUTION to urge upon the members of the association to be present at the meeting here next Saturday. There will be some important discussions, led by some of the most prominent teachers in the state, to say nothing of the great benefits they will derive from the address of State School Commissioner Bradwell.

Professor Frederick says: "The association is in a flourishing condition and if we can get the newspapers of the state to give us some assistance in the methods of instruction will be greatly improved and simplified to the removal of Georgia. Business of great importance and of vast benefit to the education of the Georgia will be transacted, and from this fact alone it is very essential that as many teachers and patrons be present as possible." The association convenes at H. W. Grady institute at 9 o'clock a. m., promptly.

## SHE KEPT A BLIND TIGER.

And the Judge Threatens to Make It Hot for Her.

CLAYTON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The case in which the citizens of the town took the greatest interest in the late term of court, was that against Mrs. Corina Wall for retaining. This lady has been running a blind tiger right in the heart of the town, and Clayton is a dry town for years. The citizens of the place who oppose this business and those who favor it are nearly evenly divided, hence the interest manifested in her case. She has been found guilty of this charge frequently heretofore in both the state and municipal courts. Her fine was \$25 and costs, Judge Wellborn stating that she would continue to engage the fine in the future for this offense until the business was abandoned.

## A Fall From a Tree.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Young Albert Harvey, a son of W. T. Harvey, while climbing a large china tree with a number of boys, lost his footing and fell to the ground, a distance of twenty-five feet. Strange to say, the fall did not kill him, and he escaped without broken limbs, though he was severely bruised.

## A Site for the Negro College.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The commission of the colored citizens, at the meeting this afternoon, donated a handsome lot on petition of the colored citizens for a site for the negro college, conditional on Columbus being selected by the board for the location of the college.

## Arrest of a Desperado.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—This evening John Ross, a desperate negro, who committed larceny in Talbotton, was arrested here, and the authorities in Talbotton were notified. The deputy sheriff of Talbot county arrived tonight, and will take John back to his dungeon cell.

## The Hotel Changes Hands.

DEMOREST, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Mr. F. B. Bartlett, of Atlanta, bought the Lake View hotel and grounds for \$7,000, and will at once commence the erection of a twenty-roomed hotel in addition to the present one, making fifty rooms.

## Seaborn Smith Must Hang.

COVINGTON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—On the 23d of May Seaborn Smith will be hanged for an outrage on Leila Aiken. The criminal will be confined in the Walton county jail until the day of execution.

## An Evangelist on Hand.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The noted evangelist, Rev. J. B. Culpepper, will arrive tomorrow morning and inaugurate a series of revivals at the Methodist church.

## The Editors to Be on Hand.

ALBANY, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Preparations for entertaining the newspaper men who are expected to visit the Chautauqua next Tuesday are proceeding on a grand scale.

## DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

NEWNAN, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Mr. Alfred Short, an aged citizen, was buried here on the 24th instant. Few men have ever lived who come nearer having the universal love, honor and respect of those who knew than did Alfred Short.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Benjamin Condon, an aged citizen of Waconochee, is dead. He was a prominent citizen and eighty-nine years old.

J. L. Ray, a prominent and popular farmer of Chatham, died early this morning. He leaves a wife and eight grown children.

## THE SHERIFF'S CHASE.

A LUNATIC HOLDS THE COUNTY AT BAY.

A Day of Terror on a Morgan County Plantation—He Was a Prophet, and Therein Lay His Weakness—The Chase.

MADISON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Sheriff H. C. Fears relates a thrilling experience with a negro lunatic. He says: "Yesterday at 11 o'clock, Ordinary Baldwin handed me a warrant for the arrest of William Parks, colored, charged by his mother as being insane. I proceeded out about four miles from this city to his house, having procured two colored men to assist in making the arrest. We went to the house, and found him locked up in the room with an ax, a heavy pole, an iron wedge and a double-barreled, breach-loading shotgun at hand, defying any one to enter the house. I called upon him to surrender, and made one of my usual calls, but he gave no answer. Hearing nothing from him I concluded he had barred the doors and had gone out under the door. Finding no sign of his departure I peeped under the door through the cat holes, but failed to discover him. I then forced the door open.

## LIKE A LION AT BAY.

"He was standing in the far corner with his good cocked, his eyes glaring like a lion at bay, and his hands on his hips. He was dressed in a blue shirt and trousers. He defied me to enter. Being unarmed I retreated, and when outside made every effort and used every persuasion to get him out of the house, but he refused. I put some colored people to watch the crazy man, and came back to town intending to return this morning with another posse and take him. At 12 o'clock last night I was aroused by a messenger who came with the intelligence that a desperate man had entered a house on W. J. Orr's plantation, and at the point of a double-barreled shotgun had run all the inmates out except three small children, who were asleep. He had barred the doors, and when surrounded by the people on the place, said he would admit a colored boy named Shock Zimmerman. Shock made an effort to break the door, but was fired upon by the lunatic, the shot entering the door. Shock then fired a pistol at the lunatic and retreated.

## IN POSSESSION OF THE HOUSE.

"When I arrived upon the scene, at 2 o'clock this morning, I found him in possession of the house, surrounded by a body of about forty colored people, all armed with shotguns, awaiting my arrival. Whenever one would approach the house, the crazy negro would immediately cock his gun, ready to shoot any man who would touch him. I told the men that the boy was crazy, and that we must take him, if possible, without injury. I then tried strategy, and succeeded. The lunatic said he would allow Colonel D. F. Dewey to do anything he wanted with him, saying: 'He is a prophet, and he is as good as I am.' 'I dispatched a messenger for Colonel Dewey and withdrew my force to a safe distance. Before Colonel Dewey arrived the crazy man, of his own accord, came out of the house. I immediately approached him and told him he was going to Colonel Dewey.

## RUN DOWN AT LAST.

"I told him to go on and I would follow him, and I then ordered a pair of my posse to make a flank movement and conceal themselves, and catch him as he passed. The moon was shining brightly and he saw the posse, and immediately turned at right angles and fled. I ordered the posse to pursue him. He ran through a creek swamp, and whenever we approached near enough he would whirl and fire upon us, and run and reload. We pursued him for a mile or two in this manner, our posse keeping in sight of him. The posse outran me 200 or 300 yards. The fastest man being near to him, the lunatic fired upon him. The runner dropped behind. They both fired simultaneously, the pursuer receiving a shot in the right jaw, while the lunatic was shot in the thigh. He fell to the ground, and our posse rushed upon him and disarmed him before he could reload. The lunatic is now confined in jail and will doubtless be tried tomorrow morning. He is said to be only crazy at times, and was rational today. He is badly wounded."

## THE POPULAR IMPULSE IS RIGHT.

A Black Wretch Whose Form May Grace a Hickory Limb.

STATESBORO, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—John Newnan, a negro, was put in our jail charged with assault with intent to commit a rape.

On last Saturday, near Bly, in the upper part of this county, Mr. Wylly Hendrix, a respected citizen of this county, went to church in the neighborhood and left no one at home except a grown daughter. The church was at work in the woods near by, and when he discovered she was alone he went to the house and started in, and commenced cursing her and threatening her life. She called for assistance. She locked the front door and while he was trying to get in she went out at the back door and got to a neighbor's house. The negro dealer and men who drink liquor ineligible for jury duty. If he becomes a law it will probably turn every able-bodied citizen in the state into a moderate tippler, because freedom from jury duty is exactly what the average man manufactures out of if he is not allowed to stop liquor selling and drinking, why not impose the death penalty?

## A NEW POSTOFFICE.

Its Name is Golden, and It Fills a Long Felt Want.

BUCHANAN, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Golden is the name of a new postoffice at Mr. W. S. Weathering's place, near the town of Buchanan. This office is supplied by weekly mail from Buchanan—Saturday being mail day. This is a very short route, but the entering citizens of the community propose to keep up with the times by sustaining their office. They speak of having it extended to Draketon, which should be done. As it is now the mails from Buchanan to Draketon have to go via Temple, and through misconnections our mails are often thrown badly behind. In fact, the line would be of great convenience if extended through the country from Draketon to Poplar Springs, Little Creek and Newville. The mail from this place to the three last named offices now goes via Tallapoosa, and like our Draketon mail is often delayed. They are badly in need of a direct street car in that city, spotted and captured. Lavender is also wanted here several other charges. The lovely pair are rusticated at the barracks, and have nice prospects before them. The Vickers woman is charged with adultery.

## THE PAIR BROUGHT BACK.

To Stand Trial for Their Criminal Conduct.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Deputy Sheriff McMichael arrived here this afternoon from Birmingham, having in charge William Lavender and M. M. Vickers, his paramour. Lavender deserted his wife and children here, after forging the name of the firm with which he was employed, and collecting some money from the Birmingham branch with the Vickers woman. He was seen driving a street car in that city, spotted and captured. Lavender is also wanted here several other charges. The lovely pair are rusticated at the barracks, and have nice prospects before them. The Vickers woman is charged with adultery.

## Dr. W. B. Tucker, recently of Bullochville,

having been long in the city, has located at Chipley, where he has associated himself with Dr. J. K. Gillespie in the practice of medicine. Dr. Gillespie is a prominent citizen and a successful physician. Chipley sustained its first loss from fire in the burning of Mr. N. H. Sledge's residence Sunday night. The fire is supposed to have caught from the stove.

## J. R. Adams &amp; Co.'s sawmill, at Longview

Shelby county, Alabama, burned Tuesday night. The loss is \$2,500.

## Flu, pneumonia, St. Vitus dance, nervousness

and hysteria are soon cured by Dr. Miller's Nerveine. Free samples at all druggists.

## PATRICK TOOK GOOD AIM.

And the Bullet Was Found Imbedded in Jones's Skull.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—This morning, the body of George Jones, a young colored man, was found in a field, belonging to Mike Walsh. He had been shot through the head. The investigation developed that Walsh has been losing considerable by raids made by negroes upon his crops. Last night his two sons went to watch his turnip patch. Jones came in, and as he stooped over to fill his bag, Patrick Walsh fired. The negroes unblinded over and the two men went back to the house without stopping to see whether he was shot or not. The corner's jury found it a case of justifiable homicide, and Walsh was discharged from custody. The negroes are extremely indignant over the verdict.

## WORKING THE MARBLE.

Canton Secures a New and Profitable Industry.

CANTON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—The citizens of Canton have closed a contract with Mr. T. M. Brady, of Boston, Mass., for the location of a marble plant at this place, and work has begun on putting the McAfee brick warehouse in condition to work in. The conditions of the trade are a free deed to a five-acre tract of land at the depot, belonging to Dr. Turk, and five years rent free of Captain McAfee's warehouse, amounting in all to about \$1,500. Mr. Brady has been superintendent of the American Marble Company, at Marietta, for several years and is a thoroughly practical marble man and gentleman of the highest type.

## A Change of Ownership.

THOMSON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Messrs. J. T. Wright & Son have sold their entire stock of merchandise to J. R. and J. W. Shields of this place. Messrs. Wright & Son were not embarrassed in any way, but for reasons satisfactory to themselves desired to retire from business. It is rumored that Mr. Brinkley & Co. will move into the store now occupied by Wright & Son known as the Printup building.

## FROM OUR NOTEBOOKS.

Home from Florida—Judge Henry Tanner has returned from a very enjoyable trip to his Florida orange grove, where his family has been spending the winter.

The Grand Jury—The grand jury met again yesterday morning, and after a short session went to the jail. After a thorough tour of inspection the jury adjourned to meet again today.

Suit for Damages—Wesley Rayford filed a suit for \$10,000 against the Western and Atlantic railroad yesterday, for personal damages sustained by being knocked down and injured on the street crossing February 20, 1891.

A Welcome Visitor—Mr. Joe Eddleman, an old Atlanta boy who was a friend here, is in the city for a few days. Mr. Eddleman now makes his headquarters in Boston, and is the southern representative of one of the great manufacturing establishments of Massachusetts.

Professor Lane's Lecture Postponed—On account of the lecture of Professor Norton on the Young Men's Christian Association tonight, the lecture of Professor Charles Lane, under the auspices of the Young People's Christian League, of Trinity church, will be postponed until Monday night, March 30th. Tickets sold for tonight's lecture will hold good for Monday night.

A Real Estate Deal—Messrs. Brown & Watson, the real estate men, yesterday closed a deal in which Mr. L. DeGivie makes a snug sum. They sold for Mr. DeGivie fifteen acres of land on Morris street, south of Ponce de Leon, for \$21,625. The purchasers of the property, for which Mr. DeGivie paid about \$1,500 several years ago, are New York gentlemen. They will make other investments here.

They Like It—Mr. Clarence Angier was recently appointed general agent of the Employers' Liability Assurance Association of London, and since that time he has been rushing things. In the first three days after his appointment he issued policies to the amount of \$200,000 general accident business, and two very large policies to Atlanta manufacturers on the company's liability plan. Mr. Angier is a clever gentleman and deserves his success.

One Hundred Years Old—Mrs. Hannah Routelle, who resides in Ohio, on yesterday celebrated her one hundred birthday. She is the sister of Mr. Joseph Winslow and the aunt of Messrs. Robert and George Winslow, of this city. Notwithstanding age, Mrs. Routelle is in excellent health and remains clear and unimpaired. Her numerous relatives and friends in Georgia and other states received cards announcing the notable event of her one hundred birthday.

A Memorial Meeting—Myrtle Ridge, I. O. O. F. No. 25, will hold a memorial meeting in commemoration of Past Grand Master J. C. Porter, deceased, on Monday night, April 6th. A meeting held last Monday night a committee from the lodge was appointed to report resolutions on Mr. Porter's death. These resolutions will be presented on the night of the memorial meeting. The committee on resolutions consists of W. S. Gardner, Eugene M. Mitchell and Charles F. Rice.

A BILL now pending in the Maine legislature makes liquor dealers and men who drink liquor ineligible for jury duty. If he becomes a law it will probably turn every able-bodied citizen in the state into a moderate tippler, because freedom from jury duty is exactly what the average man manufactures out of if he is not allowed to stop liquor selling and drinking, why not impose the death penalty?

It really seems that an effort is being made to enforce the law against the sale of cigarettes to minors in Georgia. Some weeks ago a Cartersville merchant was hauled up in the courts and fined for violating the law. A few days ago three Savannah dealers were summoned to answer a similar charge, and upon conviction each was fined \$100. Vigorous measures are being taken to enforce the law in other towns, and parties convicted of violating it will be fined to the fullest extent.

## The Mine Accident.

Full particulars of the explosion in the mine at Cole City were received yesterday.

The injured are: FRANK TAYLOR, convict, killed.

BURK STEVENS, convict, killed.

JOHN WILLIAMS, convict, killed.

JACK COLLINS, convict, killed.

JOE T. WHITEBOY, spectator, fatally hurt.

There were two other persons wounded, but not fatally it is believed.

There was no fault on the part of the company, the verdict of the coroner's jury shows. They were killed by an explosion in blasting.

## AUCTION SALE.

Of Furniture and Carpets—The Rhodes & Haverly Furniture Company's Last.

Commencing this morning at 10 o'clock the entire remainder of stock on hand, consisting of Bedroom and Parlor sets, Library and Dining Room Furniture, Fancy Chairs, Boudoir Brussels and Moquette Carpets, Rugs and Rotteng Beds, Mattresses, Bedspreads, etc., will be auctioned to the highest bidder. All these goods must be sold at once. Rhodes & Haverly Furniture Co., 89 and 91 Whitehall St., second floor.

## THE CELEBRATED

FRENCH CAPSULES

OF

MATHEY-CAYLUS

A test of 30 YEARS has proved the great merit of this capsule remedy, by the rapid increase in favor with leading physicians everywhere. It is superior to all other remedies for the cure of all the most long standing and recent cases. Not only is it the best, but it is also the most pleasant and safe. Contains purest of all capsules. PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOX.

## HANCOCK FOUND DEAD.

He Was Drunk at the Time and Had Driven His Family Off.

MADISON, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—R. B. Hancock, a farmer who resides about four miles from this city, was found dead in his house yesterday. Late yesterday afternoon a coroner's jury was summoned and Dr. A. E. Andrews, acted in the capacity of a notary public in the absence of Coroner G. N. Dexter.

When the jury reached the residence a ghastly sight met their eyes. There upon the floor lay the lifeless form of Hancock, the marks of decomposition plainly visible. The evidence introduced before the jury went to show that Hancock was in the habit of indulging in periodical sprees, and when intoxicated was very cruel to his wife and children. On account of this cruelty, his wife would gather her little ones and leave her home until her husband would become sober. Last Thursday Mr. Hancock came to town and drank freely. He went home drunk and began abusing his wife, causing her to leave home and seek refuge with her father's family, several miles distant. Hancock remained drunk until death claimed him as a victim, and his lifeless body was found yesterday morning by a neighbor, Mr. Richardson, who had called on some little business errand.

## Allanecment of Cataosa County, Ga.

On Thursday, the 16th of April, Hon. L. F. Livingston, president of the state alliance, will address the alliance and other citizens of Cataosa county. This will be the occasion for every alliance man to show his interest in the welfare of the order, to use every effort to have every citizen in the county out to hear our honored president. Every farmer ought to be in the alliance; and to be convinced of that fact, it is only necessary for them to hear our chief of this state, who is carrying our glorious banner high over the head of all opposition. Therefore, let every man, woman and child in the county be out to hear our worthy brother. Let every Cataosa county alliance man be out to bring out all the people. Speaking will commence promptly at 1 o'clock p. m., Thursday, April 16th.

## W. H. MURDOCK, President

Cataosa County Alliance.

## Run Over and Killed.

WAYCROSS, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—Last night between 12 and 1 o'clock, an unknown negro was run over here in the yard limits on the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad. He was instantly killed. Conductor Ballard says he came on his train from Stockton yesterday morning. He had on navy blue pants, white stripes down the leg, and appeared to be forty years old. In his pocket were found two Baptist Sunday school quarters and a prayer book, also a telegram from Atlanta to Captain Tucker, of Brunswick, signed Dallas Mosely, and the following addresses: E. T. Johnson & Co., St. Augustine; J. E. Johnson & Co., Marietta.

## Burned to Death.

UNION POINT, Ga., March 25.—[Special.]—A little colored girl near here was so badly burned yesterday that she died this morning. She was playing where some brush had been burning, her dress caught fire and before help reached her she was burned almost to a crisp about the back and other parts of her body. Her mother was away at the time, and now strange that parents will leave their children that way.

## T. C. F. H. I. G.

Another Week of Bargains.

In Parlor Suites, Turkish Suites, Lounges and Library Suites.











